RE: FY 2011 3-Year Official Cohort Default Rate Notification Letter

Dear President:

On October 28, 2009, the U.S. Department of Education (Department) published in the Federal Register the regulations enacted by the Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2009 that will govern the calculation of cohort default rates. Under the new provisions, an institution's Cohort Default Rate is calculated as the percentage of borrowers in the cohort who default before the end of the second fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the borrowers entered repayment. This extended the length of time in which a student can default from two to three years.

This year, the fiscal year (FY) 2011 3-Year cohort default rate will be the only cohort default rate released. Schools will be subject to loss of eligibility as a result of cohort default rates that exceed sanction levels. Cohort default rates based on the 2-year cohort period ended with the FY 2011 2-Year cohort which released in 2013.

This letter officially notifies you of your school's FY 2011 3-Year cohort default rate based on Federal Family Education Loan (FFEL) Program and/or William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan (Direct Loan) Program loans made to students for attendance at your school. Your school's FY 2011 3-Year cohort default rate is shown above. Please note that even if your school is no longer participating in the student loan program(s), federal law requires the Department to notify your school of its cohort default rate.

Since the Department is no longer mailing hardcopies of the cohort default rate notification letters to any schools, please refer to http://www.ed.gov/offices/OSFAP/defaultmanagement/ecdr.html for a description of the other files that the Department transmitted to you along with this letter.

WHAT FORMULA DID THE DEPARTMENT USE TO CALCULATE MY SCHOOL'S RATE?

The Department uses one of three methods for calculation of cohort default rates:

1. Official non-averaged rate for schools with 30 or more borrowers entering repayment,
2. Official averaged rate for schools with 29 or fewer borrowers entering repayment,
3. Unofficial rate for schools with 29 or fewer borrowers entering repayment with less than three years of data.

WHAT TYPES OF LOANS DID THE DEPARTMENT INCLUDE IN MY SCHOOL’S RATE CALCULATION?

The Department included three types of loans in your school’s cohort default rate calculation:

1) Federal Stafford Subsidized and Federal Stafford Unsubsidized Loans

2) Federal Direct Subsidized and Federal Direct Unsubsidized Loans

3) Federal Supplemental Loans for Students (Federal SLS Loans). Although rare, it is possible for Federal SLS loans to be included in your school’s cohort default rate calculation.

WHAT LOAN RECORD DETAIL REPORT (LRDR) ACCOMPANIES THIS NOTIFICATION LETTER?

Your school’s FY 2011 3-Year official cohort default rate may be a non-averaged rate, an averaged rate, or an Unofficial rate (less than 30 borrowers entering repayment and not two years of previous data needed to calculate an averaged rate). Accordingly, the LRDR that accompanies this letter reflects all loans that went into repayment during FY 2011 and defaulted by September 30, 2013.

Please note that if a technical problem caused by the Department results in an inability to access the data, schools have five business days from the receipt of the eCDR notification package to notify Operations Performance Division at the email address given below. All schools must meet the established submission timeframes for cohort default rate adjustments and appeals. The Department will not review adjustments and appeals that any school submits outside of the established timeframes.


ARE THERE ANY SANCTIONS OR BENEFITS ASSOCIATED WITH MY RATE?

According to the Higher Education Act of 1965 (HEA), as amended, the Higher Education Reconciliation Act of 2005 (HERA), Pub.L.109-171 and the Department's regulations, your school is not subject to any sanctions based on your school's FY 2011 3-Year cohort default rate. However, if your school's official FY 2011 cohort default rate is 30.0 percent or greater, the Department may provisionally certify your school when your school applies for recertification to participate in the Federal Student Aid Programs. For more information about provisional certification, please refer to 34 C.F.R. Section 668.16(m)(1) and (2)(i) or contact the School Participation Management Division at 202-377-3173.

WHAT BENEFITS ARE ASSOCIATED WITH MY RATES
Institutions with a cohort default rate of less than 15.0 percent for each of the three most recent fiscal years for which data are available, including eligible foreign institutions, may disburse, in a single installment, loans that are made for one semester, one trimester, one quarter, or a four-month period. Such an institution is also no longer required to delay the delivery or disbursement of the first disbursement of a loan for 30 days for first-time, first-year undergraduate borrowers. Once your school receives notice from the Department that your school’s official cohort default rate is 15.0 percent or greater, this benefit will end within 30 calendar days of the notification.

Additionally, if your school’s recent official cohort default rate is less than 5.0 percent and if your school is an eligible home institution that certifies/originates a loan to cover the cost of attendance in a study abroad program, your school may disburse/deliver loan proceeds in a single installment and may choose to release loan proceeds to first-year, first-time borrowers prior to 30 calendar days after the first day of the borrower's program of study. Once your school receives notice from the Department that your school’s official cohort default rate is 5.0 percent or greater, this benefit will end within 30 calendar days of the notification.


WILL MY RATE BE CALCULATED THE SAME IF MY SCHOOL HAS MERGED WITH ANOTHER?

The FY 2011 3-Year cohort default rate for institutions involved in a merger or change of affiliation will be based on all borrowers from the parent and the underlying institutions which have borrowers that entered repayment during or after 2011.

WHAT RIGHTS DOES MY SCHOOL HAVE TO APPEAL THIS RATE INFORMATION?

Based on your school’s FY 2011 3-year cohort default rate, your school may be eligible to submit the following adjustments/appeals:

Uncorrected Data Adjustment

Loan Servicing Appeal

New Data Adjustment

All Uncorrected Data Adjustments, New Data Adjustments and Loan Servicing Appeals must be made through the eCDR Appeals application. The eCDR Appeals application, as it is known, allows schools to electronically submit certain challenge/adjustment requests during the specified timeframes and allows data managers (guaranty agency or Federal Loan Servicer) and Federal Student Aid (FSA) personnel to electronically view...
and respond to these challenge/adjustment requests. The application tracks the entire life cycle of each request from the time the case is submitted until the time a decision is made and the case is closed.

It has come to FSA's attention that a number of schools are challenging data in the school's cohort default rate based on an incorrect understanding of the cohort default rate calculation. This results in an unnecessary increase in the workload for the schools, data managers, and FSA. The following are some scenarios that have been noted, along with an explanation of why these allegations are considered invalid based on the current logic for the cohort default rate calculation.

- School requests that borrower be removed from numerator as borrower defaulted, then paid the loan in full (either through consolidation or another method). Borrower will continue to be counted as a defaulted borrower for cohort default rate purposes. Current regulations only allow for a defaulted loan to be removed from default for cohort default rate purposes if the borrower successfully rehabilitated the loan within the cohort period, or, for FFELs held by a guaranty agency, if the lender repurchased the loan due to the claim being submitted or paid in error. See 34 CFR Section 668.202(c)(2).

- School alleges that borrower be removed from numerator due to an incorrect date entered repayment that is resulting in the default date for the borrower being less than 360 days from the corrected date entered repayment. This allegation type applies to Direct Loans or loans that were PUT to the Department only, since FFELs held by a guaranty agency use the claim paid date as the default date, not the 360th day of delinquency. If a data manager agrees to correct the date entered repayment, they will update the default date to the 360th day of delinquency based on the new date entered repayment. However, if the updated date entered repayment and default date still fall within the cohort period, the borrower will continue to be counted in both the numerator/denominator. If the updated date entered repayment causes the updated default date to fall outside of the cohort period, borrower will be removed from the numerator only. If the updated date entered repayment falls outside of the cohort period, borrower will be removed from both the numerator/denominator.

- Borrower is included in more than one cohort year. This may be correct, based upon the situation. If the borrower had a break in enrollment of greater than six months, then the borrower will enter repayment on the loans from the first period of enrollment six months and one day after the borrower's last date of attendance (LDA) or less than half-time date (LTHT), then will receive another six month grace period based on the LDA or LTHT date of the second period of enrollment. This may result in the borrower being included in more than one cohort year. If the borrower's break in enrollment was less than six months, this is considered continuous enrollment and the borrower should be in only one cohort year.

- School was involved in a change of affiliation/merger and has borrowers counted more than once in the cohort default rate. A borrower may be counted more than once in the school's cohort
default rate if the borrower had loans certified under two or more of the OPE-IDs that were involved in the change of affiliation/merger. Please see page 2.5-2 of the CDR Guide.

If a school has any questions regarding the cohort default rate calculation, Chapter 2.1 of the CDR Guide includes a thorough explanation of how the rates are calculated. Additionally, a school involved in a change of affiliation/merger should read Chapter 2.5 of the CDR Guide for an explanation of how the change of affiliation/merger will affect the cohort default rates of all of the schools involved.

WHAT TOOLS AND INFORMATION ARE AVAILABLE TO HELP MONITOR AND MANAGE MY SCHOOL'S COHORT DEFAULT RATE?

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<tr>
<th>Tools Information</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The electronic version was revised September 2014 and may be found online.</td>
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<tr>
<td>eCDR Appeals</td>
<td>Electronic Cohort Default Rate Appeals Process</td>
<td>Operations Performance Division 202-377-4259</td>
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<td>eCDR Appeals facilitates the exchange of information between parties for four of the challenge/adjustment processes: Incorrect Data Challenge (IDC), Loan Servicing Appeals (LSA), Uncorrected Data Adjustments (UDA), and New Data Adjustments (NDA). The application allows schools to electronically submit these challenges and adjustment requests during a cohort default rate cycle, and allows data managers (guaranty agency or Direct Loan Servicer) and Federal Student Aid (FSA) personnel to electronically view and respond to challenges and adjustment requests. The application tracks the entire life cycle of each challenge/adjustment/appeal request from the time the case is submitted until the time a decision is made and the case is closed.</td>
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<td>All users must complete the registration process to gain access to eCDR Appeals. The</td>
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eCDR Appeals homepage contains a link to the Registration and User Account Guide, which gives step-by-step instructions for registration. Links to the User Guides for the four processes can also be found here, as well as a link to the Cohort Default Rate Guide.

Late Stage Process whereby schools work in collaboration with servicers or guarantors to identify and provide counseling to borrowers more than 240 days late on loan repayment. For Direct loan schools, the website https://www.myedaccount.com/ identifies borrowers whose impending default will impact the school's cohort default rate.

National Student Loan Data System (NSLDS) - https://www.nsldsfa.p.ed.gov. Offers schools the opportunity to request reports in extract or preformatted formats that can be retrieved through the Student Aid Internet Gateway (SAIG) account associated with the NSLDS User ID that requested the report. Listed below are some of the reports that NSLDS offers.

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Report Name

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<th>School CDR Rate History Report provides school with a copy of the Loan Record Detail Report that lists students in default/repayment during the cohort period indicated.</th>
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<tr>
<td>Enrollment Reporting Summary Report provides school users with the chronology of enrollment reporting events.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Date Entered Repayment Report provides school users with a list of student borrowers with loan history who are scheduled to go into repayment during a specified date range.</td>
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<tr>
<td>School Repayment Information Loan Detail provides school users with the current repayment status of certain borrowers in FFEL/DL loan programs who attended a school during a specific period.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Exit Counseling Report provides school users with exit counseling information on students who attended the requesting schools and whose anticipated completion dates fall within a specified date range.</td>
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<tr>
<td>The Delinquent Borrower Report (DELQ01) provides School users a report of borrowers who have been reported as delinquent in making loan payments to one of the federal loan servicers.</td>
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The School Portfolio Report (SCHPR1) provides ED users with information about all Direct Loan and/or FFEL program loans for a specified school.


If you have any questions about this letter that are not answered in the Cohort Default Rate Guide, please contact Operations Performance Division, formerly Default Prevention and Management via email at FSA.Schools.Default.Management@ed.gov or via phone at (202) 377-4259.

Please be sure to include your Office of Postsecondary Education Identification Number (OPE ID) on all correspondence, as shown on page one of this letter.

Sincerely,

Katrina Turner
Director
Operations Performance Management Services
Business Operations